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ప్రతిదినము ప్రకటింపబడును

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చెన్నపట్టణము 1914 సం. డిసెంబరు నెల 20 వ తేది ఆదివారము

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ఆనందనామ సంవత్సర శుక్ల శుద్ధ తృతీయ 3.

సంచిక ౨౪౫

## బరోపా మహాసంగ్రామము.

ఇంగ్లాండు.

జర్మనీవారు బ్రిటీషు తీరముపై ఫిరంగుల బారు చేయుట కలిగిన నష్టము.

లండను డిసెంబరు 18:—హోల్ లో ఫూలునందు 108 చని పోయినదియు 444కి గాయములు తగిలినదియు స్కాట్లాండ్ లో 17 వలె చనిపోయినదియు 50 కి గాయములు తగిలినదియు వెలుపబడినది.

నావికాచర్యము.

లండను డిసెంబరు 19:—తూర్పు తీరమున నిటీవల జరిగిన చర్యలందు బ్రిటీషు ముద్దపుట్టడ తేలియు నష్టమైయుండ లేదని నావికాసంఘము వారు తెలుపుచున్నారు.

విరోధు ఫిరంగులచే గలుగు

నష్టపు ఇక్ష్మా రెన్ను

లండను డిసెంబరు 18:—విరోధియుద్ధపుట్టడ ఫిరంగుల మూలమున గలుగు నష్టమునకును హాంబులు చేయుటచే గలుగునష్టమునకును ఇక్ష్మా రెన్ను వ్యాపారము తగిలి వారం భుమైనది. ఇందు తూర్పు తీరమునందు నూటికి 25 పిల్లలగుల రేటును మిగత ప్రదేశములందు నూటికి 15 పిల్లలగులవంతునను రేటు యేర్పడినది.

నౌకాయుద్ధము

లాహోరు డిసెంబరు 19:—సివిలు మిలెటరీ జెట్టుకు ఇటుల తుల్యము కచ్చింది.

లండను డిసెంబరు 17:—ఆంగ్లేయ ప్రజలను భయవిహ్వలు చేయునట్లు తలంపుతోడనే జర్మను లీనాకావిద్యను నాశనంబు చేయడమో వారితలంపు ప్రకారము విఫలమైనది ఆంగ్ల వార్తాపత్రికల వ్రాతలు నవాజ్ శత్రుత్వముచేయుటగా నే యున్నవి. శత్రు పట్టుచులిపిద ఫిరంగులను కాల్పుటకు పీలు లేనంతవరకును శత్రునాకలు దాడిరాకుండుటకు దగినప్రయత్నములను నౌకాదళాధికారులు చేసెదరని నమ్ముచున్నామని వెల్లడిమిదగు గజెటుపత్రిక మాత్రము నడిపినది. చివరకెటులైన నీమూలముక్తియు బయటపడినచో ప్రజలు సంతృప్తి లెయున్నారనియె తక్కిన పత్రికలన్నియును వ్రాయుచున్నవి. అవి అట్లు బయటపడినప్పుడు వారితో పోరుటగా మన నౌకాదళమువారే వేర మారులు చేసినచో మన నౌకాదళమును జర్మనులు వంచించగలిగినది యర్థము గను.

జర్మనీవారి వైసు కాన్సలుయొక్క ద్రోహము

ఉరిశిక్ష కొట్టికేయుట.

లండను డిసెంబరు 19:—సంప్రదించుటలో జర్మనీవారి వైస్ కాన్సలుగనండిన ఆల్ఫ్రెడ్ అనువారిని రాష్ట్రద్రోహమునకై యురిశిక్ష విధించిని దెలిపితిమి. క్రిమియో అప్పీలుకోర్టునా రీక్షకు గొట్టికేసి ఇందులకు కారణము లేవని అప్పీలుదారుని చర్యలు బ్రిటీషువారికి నష్టము కలిగించు స్వభావము కలిగినవానినాక్ష్యము రుజువుగాలేదు. దోషనిరూపణమున కాధారములగు పను లీతకు చేసిన కాలమునందు బ్రిటీషు వారికిని జర్మనీవారికిని యుద్ధము పొసగెనని అప్పీలుదారునకు దెలియునాయను విషయమున ప్రాబ్లీకులకు పొరబాటుగ తెలుపబడినది.

బ్రిటీషు సైనికులనష్టము

లండను డిసెంబరు 18:—గాయముల దివిసవారు డబ్లిన్ ఫ్యూజిలీయలో లె. సి. యస్. (ఫ్రెంచి, ఆర్టిల్లరీలో లె. లె. యస్. హాస్. మిడిల్ సెక్సులో లె. లె. యస్. ఎ లా రెన్ను డబ్లిన్ ఫ్యూజిలీయలో లె. ఆర్. బుష్ 5 లండను పటాలములో లె. లె. డబ్లియా విల్లెట్, ద్విభాషి లె. లె. పి. జోన్ను.

తిరిగి వైద్యములో శరీరవారు

ఛైమెన్సులోని లె. లె. హెన్. స్టాకరు.

ఖైదీ గానుండిరని తెలిసినవారు

బెడ్ ఫర్డునులోని లె. పి. పోస్.

దిద్దుబాటు.

రైఫిల్ బ్రెగ్గెములోని సి. గాసన్ గారికి గాయములు దగిలినది తెలిపితిమి. ఇది పొరబాటు. సౌతు లంకామైలులందలి లె. లె. సి. డి. గాసన్ గారికి గాయములు దగిలెను.

శ్రీవైస్రాయి గారి కుమారుని మరణము.

శ్రీవైస్రాయి గారి కుమారుడును హుస్సారుల 15 పటాలములో లెవై నెంటునైన గొ. ఇ. సి. హార్డింజి గారు గాయముల మూలమున నిన్నటిదినము మృతిపొందెరి

పి. ఓ. వర్తక సంఘమువారి సమావేశము

లాహోరు డిసెంబరు 19:—నిన్నటి రోజున జరిగిన సభలో ఇంచితేపు ప్రభువుగారి కవకాశము కలిగించుటకు నేను రాజీనామా నిచ్చుచున్నానని సర్థానును సదస్సం దుగారు నడిపిరి.

ప్రాన్ను

ఫ్రాన్సువారి యంగీకారము

లండను డిసెంబరు 19:—ఈజిప్టు దేశము బ్రిటీషు రక్షకసాధనములలో శేర్మదేగుడ. ఈమార్పునకు ఫ్రెంచి వారంగీకరించినదియు, 1912 సం. మార్చి 30 తేదీని జరిగిన ప్రాన్న మూసా యెడంబడికను బ్రిటీషువారు గమనింతురని యు వాస్తవప్రకటన సంఘమువారు ప్రకటించిరి.

న్యూపోర్టువద్ద మిత్రమండలి ముందునకుబోవుట

లండను డిసెంబరు 19:—నిన్నటిరాత్రి పొకను నగరమునందు దొరతనమువాట్లు ప్రకటించి. న్యూపోర్టు కీశాస్యమునందున్న యిసుక దిన్నెలయందు ముందునకు బోతివి. ఇంప్రెస్సెండ్ మెన్ టోకుబోవు గాట తుత్తరమున జర్మనీవారు రెండుసార్లు దిట్టముగ మనవైదిరిగాని వెతుకకుగొట్టితిమి. ఆర్మంటియ జిల్లాలో బ్రిటీషువారు కొంచెము ముందునకు బోయిరి వెడ్జ్ ప్రాంతములందు విరోధుల పెద్దఫిరంగిదళలముగ మాఫిరంగులు నాశనము చేసినవి.

రవ్యులవైద్యములు జరగలు బాప్తే గారి నభినందించుట

పెట్రోగ్రాదువిశేషి తైయిన్ పత్రిక కిటుల వ్రాసెను. పశ్చిమరంగమున మిత్రమండలి వారు ముందుకురాగలుగుచున్నారని రవ్యుల వైద్యములకు తెలియును. దీనివలన వారు తక్కిన విషయములను లెక్కచేయుటలేదు. ఫ్రాన్సు ప్రాంతమునకున్న వైద్యములను జర్మను లచటినుండి కడగించుటవలననే డిసెంబరు నెలవధ్యన మిత్రమండలి వారు ముందుకురాగలుగుదురని

యూహించబడినది. అట్లు సరిగా ముందుకురాగలిగినందులకు జవరలు బాప్తే గారిని సహాయసేనానలను రవ్యులవైద్యము లభినందించుచున్నవి.

కార్యేక్షియను మైదానమునందు రవ్యులవైద్యములన్నియు మరల సమావేశమగుట.

పెట్రోగ్రాదునుండి విలే ఖ రి డె యి లీ క్రా ని కి లు పత్రిక కిటుల తంతి నిచ్చెను. నేడతరు కార్యేక్షి యకు కనుమలలో వేరు వేరు గాలివి పోయిన రవ్యుల వైద్యములన్నియును మరల నేకముగ కూడి మైదానముందున్నవి. మధ్యనున్న గుట్టల కలన నభేకముగ కలసి యుండవలెక ఆజ్ఞియకు వైద్యములు చిన్న చిన్న గుంపులు క్రిందనున్నవి.

రవ్యు

రవ్యుదేశీయ ప్రకటనము.

పెట్రోగ్రాదు లండను డిసెంబరు 19:—విస్ఫులూయద్ధ రంగముందలి వాసుభాగము కాంతిమై నున్నది. కడచిన కొలది దినములుగా శత్రువులు మావైపునుంచుట కోహటించి వారి ని పాఠాదోలితిమి. బుజాదివైపు మానేసెలలోని కొంతభాగముయొక్క సంచారమునకును, కార్యేక్షియను పర్యవేక్షించు ఆజ్ఞియకులు నిరంతరమును బలపఱచు సేనలను నిరోధించుటకును, ననుగునట్లు మావైదికివ్యాపమును కొంతవరించవలసివార మైతిమి. డిసెంబరు తే 18 పశ్చిమగలిసియాలో మావైపు శత్రువుల నివారిచితిమి. గలేసియాలోని ఫాస్కో కిస్కుల ముందుభాగమున శత్రువులవైచుటకు మేము జయప్రదముగా సాగించుచున్నాము. 800 ఖయిదీలను, పెక్కుఫిరంగులను, యుద్ధపకరణములను మేము పట్టుకొంటిమి.

ఈజిప్టు

ఖైదీవుగారి ద్రోహము.

ఈజిప్టునకొకరు నూతనముగ సుల్తానుగ నియమింపబడిరి కద. వీరికి ఆక్టింగు హాకీమీషనుగా రిట్లు వ్రాసిరి:—యుద్ధముపొసగినదిగాయకు వెకటి ఖైదీవుగారు బ్రిటీషు వారిశత్రువులతో తేరెనని దెలుపుటకు తగినంతపాక్ష్యము దొరతనమువారికి జిక్కియున్నది. ఈజిప్టును కార్యనిర్వాహక కాఖవై ఖైదీవుగారు టర్క్కి సుల్తానునకుగాని యుండిన హక్కులను బ్రిటీషువారు లాగికోన్నాడు.

భవిష్యత్తు

భావికాలమునందు దేశపరిపాలనా విషయమున నిటు వ్రాసిరి. ఖైదీవుగారిచర్యల మూలమున కలుగునాక్కులన్నియును, ఈజిప్టుదేశముల కొరకు గత 30 సంవత్సరములందును చలోయించిన హక్కులును బ్రిటీషుదొరతనమువారి యధీక్షున నుండును. ఈజిప్టు బ్రిటీషువారి రక్షకసంస్థానములలో శేర్మి, ఖైదీవుల కుటుంబములో నొకరిపాలనమున నుంచిన లెమబాధ్యతల బ్రిటీషుదొరతనమువారు నెరవేర్పలుగురు.

హుస్సేక్ రాకొమురు సుల్తాన్ శేయుట

హుస్సేక్ రాకొమురుని రాజ్యభారము వహించువావ్యసించుచు నిట్లు వ్రాసిరి. ఇతరులెవ్వరును శత్రుమీదికి రాకుండ రక్షించుటకు బ్రిటీషువారు బాధ్యుని వహించురు. ఈజిప్టుదొరతనమువారికి విదేశీయదొరతనములవారికిని జరగు నుత్తరప్రత్యుత్తరములన్నియు కెయిరోలోనుండు బ్రిటీషురాజ్యప్రతినిధిగావద్దగా జరుగవలెను. మరతులన్నియు యుద్ధాంతరమునగాని తీర్మానింపబడవు

దేశమునందు పునరుజ్జీవన కార్యములు యథావిధి జరుగుచుండును. ఈజిప్టుదేశము మతాభిప్రాయములు గౌరవింపబడును కాక్ స్టాంటిన్ పోలునొ దధికారమునందున్నవారి యధీక్షమునుండి తొలగించుటలో బ్రిటీషు దొరత. మువారు మహమ్మదీయమత రక్షకత్వమునందు నిరోధభావము వహించి యుండలేరని చెప్ప నక్కర లేదు. ఈజిప్టునందు మహమ్మదీయ సంఘముల బలపరచుటయందొరతనమువారు శ్రద్ధదీసి కొనెదరు.

అడవి దింబురు 2).—తెలుగు వాస్తవ్యునిది గంభీర  
గారిని సందర్శించి ప్రశ్నించగా వారిట్లు చెప్పిరి. దక్షిణ  
జాత్రీ కాటాని మాదేశియులకును అచటి ప్రభు  
త్వాధికారులకును నిరీవల నొక గూడిన సంధి  
యొక్క ఫల మొకవిధముగాఁ బ్రశ్నకు మైనది. అచటి భారతీ  
యులు ప్రభుత్వమువారి కనుమారులై సామ్రాజ్యముకొరకే  
కాక, దక్షిణజాత్రీకా సంయోక్త ప్రభుత్వముకొరకు, దమ  
సేనను సమర్పించుచున్నామనుచున్నారు. బోధాస్పత్నిని సేవా  
నులతో సేను మాటాడినపుడు భారతీయుఁడొకటిబావ్యాయువు  
గాను, గౌరవముగాను జూడఁబడునని వారు నాకు మాట  
యిచ్చిరి. సేనామాటనె నిశ్చయించియున్నారు. వారిలోఁ జేల్లు  
మాటాడఁగూడిన శుభదినము నామనఁబడి మెలకుచున్నది.  
ఏనుఁగు కేవలము గానని భారతీయుఁడని నాకును అచటి  
ప్రభుత్వమువారు గణనలేదునున్నది. సామ్రాధ్యప్రభు దక్షి  
ణజాత్రీకానుండి తెలియఁబడుచున్నది.

# THE GREAT EUROPEAN WAR.

(REUTERS' AGENCY)

## GREAT BRITAIN

### Latest Statistics.

LONDON, December 19.

It is now stated that 103 persons were killed and 444 wounded at Hartlepool and that 17 were killed and 50 wounded at Scarborough.

### No British Warships Lost.

The Admiralty states that no British warships of any kind were lost in the recent operations on the East coast.

### Insurance Against Bombardment. Renewal in England.

LONDON, December 18.

Business has been renewed in insurance against bombardment and dropping of bombs at twenty-five shillings percent on the east coast, and fifteen shillings elsewhere.

### The Naval Engagement.

LAHORE, December 19.

The following are "Civil and Military Gazette" cables: 17th December.—If the object of the coastal raid was to make the British public panic stricken its failure is complete and the attitude of the Press is all that the authorities could desire. The "Westminster Gazette" alone asserts that the Admiralty may be trusted to explore all possible means of keeping powerful ships at a distance from which it will be possible to bombard the coast towns. In other papers we are told that there was deep satisfaction in the country generally that the skulkers had come out at last. But any change in the disposition of our Squadrons in order to fight them when they come out would mean that we allowed the Germans to beguile our Navy from its real mission.

### Operations in Cameroons.

#### Steady Progress.

LONDON, December 20.

The Press Bureau states that an account of operations in the Cameroons says that steady advance was made along the line northwards from Bonaberi. By December 10th the whole line was in our hands. The important Native Town of Bane surrendered. About sixty Europeans were taken prisoners in addition to the capture of rolling-stock and two aeroplanes. Small German raids have occurred on the Nigerian boundary but they were quickly withdrawn or driven back.

### A Farewell to Mr. Gandhi.

#### Under Secretary for India's Congratulations.

LONDON, December 20.

Mr. Roberts under-Secretary for India was present at a farewell reception to Mr. Gandhi who is sailing for India. Mr. Gandhi was garlanded and cheered. Mr. Roberts congratulated Mr. Gandhi on his great work in South Africa and paid tribute to Mr. Gandhi's ambulance movement. He thanked the Indian students for their admirable hospital work here.

### Mr. Gandhi Interviewed.

Mr. Gandhi interviewed by Reuter said that happy effect of the recent settlement in South Africa was already seen in the way the Indians throughout South Africa had rallied round the Government and had offered their services not only to the Imperial but the Union Government also. He had happy recollections of his last interviews with General Botha and General Smuts, had relied on their assurances that the Indians would be treated with justice and fairness. The accounts he was receiving from South Africa showed that the Government there were really taking account of the Indian feeling in any small matters arising.

### Wounded.

Lieut. C. S. French, Dublin Fusiliers.  
Sec. Lieut. L. Hawes, Artillery.  
Sec. Lieut. F. A. Lawrence, Middlesex.  
Lieut. R. Bush, Dublin Fusiliers.  
Sec. Lieut. W. Willett, 5th London Regiment.  
Sec. Lieut. P. Jones, Interpreter.

### Rejoined.

Sec. Lieut. H. Stalker, Cheshires.

### Unofficially Reported Prisoner.

Lieut. C. Pope, Beaufords.

### Correction.

#### Wounded.

Sec. Lieut. C. T. Gasson, South Lancs. not C. Gasson, Rifle Brigade.

### Indian Casualties.

DELHI, December 19.

The following are the names of Officers in the 30th list of casualties reported from France and Belgium:—

### Died of Wounds.

Major A. Young, 21st Gurkha Rifles.

### Wounded.

Jemadar Shaikh Faizuddin, 20th Deccan Horse.

Jemadar Chandra Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadar Indar Singh, 58th Vaughan's Rifles.

### Death of the Viceroy's Son.

Lieut. the Hon. E. C. Hardinge, 15th Hussars, son of H. E. the Viceroy, died yesterday of his wounds.

### P. and O. Company Meeting.

LONDON, December 19.

At a meeting of the P. and O. Company yesterday Sir Thomas Sutherland announced his resignation in favour of Lord Inchcape.

## RUSSIA.

### Russian Army's Congratulations of General Joffre.

LONDON, December 19.

The "Times" correspondent at Petrograd says:—The Russian army knows that western Allies have begun their advance. This news overshadows all other events. When Russia drew German troops from the west it was estimated that the allies would be ready to move by the middle of December. The Russian army congratulates General Joffre and his brother Generals on their brilliant punctuality.

### Russian Armies Re-united Near the Carpathians.

The "Daily Chronicle's" correspondent at Petrograd says:—The Russians withdrawn from the different Carpathian passes are re-united near the plain while the Austrians are in thin detachments separated by impassable ridges. (Censored).

### A Russian Communique.

LONDON, December 19.

PEIROGRAD.—It is officially stated that an almost complete lull on practically the whole front along the left bank of the Vistula succeeded the enemy's attacks of the last few days all of which were repulsed. We have been obliged to modify dispositions of some of our armies in conformity with the movement of a part of our troops towards the river Szura and constant reinforcement of the Austrians in the Carpathians. We checked on the 18th December the offensive of the enemy in western Galicia. Our offensive on the front of Fanok-Lysks in Galicia continues successfully. We took three thousand prisoners and several guns and mitrailleuses.

## AUSTRIA.

### A Decisive Battle Expected at Cracow and Carpathians.

LONDON, December 19.

A "C and M. Gazette" Cable:—

It is generally agreed that an important decisive battle will be fought between Cracow and Carpathians.

### Checking the Austrian Advance.

A Russian official statement concerning the checking of the Austrian advance says it was effected by strategic move. Previously the Austrians had announced the steps they were taking to arrest the Russian advance in the Carpathians which was not mentioned in Petrograd announcements. This was apparently in the neighbourhood of Munkpass, the last of the passes through which the Austrians moved northward on the left bank of the Vistula. Each side is apparently ready to outflank the other the moment the river freezes. At present the ground between Plock and Soldau is believed to be impracticable to the strategy of the Allies.

## TURKEY.

### Torpedoing of the Messudiyeh.

#### Turkish Admission.

LONDON, December 18.

SOFIA.—The Turks now officially admit that the "Mesudiyeh" was sunk by a mine or torpedo.

### Ill-Treatment of Russian Vice-Consul.

#### Confined in a Turkish Dungeon.

LONDON, December 18.

SOFIA.—The Russian Vice-Consul at the Dardanelles has arrived at Dedegatch. He was imprisoned for thirty one days in a dungeon in Constantinople, and only released after vigorous representations had been made by the Italian Ambassador.

## TELEGRAMS.

### EGYPT.

#### The Egyptian Affairs.

##### Change Recognised by France.

LONDON, December 19.

The Press Bureau says that France has recognised the British protectorate over Egypt and Great Britain adheres to the Franco-Moorish Treaty of 30th March, 1912.

#### Letter to the Sultan.

##### Khedive's Rights Forfeited.

LONDON, December 19.

The Acting High Commissioner has sent a letter to the new Sultan of Egypt, stating that the Government is in possession of evidence that ever since the outbreak of war with Germany, the Ex-Khedive has definitely thrown in his lot with the enemies of Britain. The rights of the Sultan of Turkey or of the Khedive over the Egyptian executive have been forfeited.

#### British Responsibilities.

Dealing with the future Government, he says that the British Government regards itself as the trustee of all rights accruing from the Khedive's action as well as of rights exercised during the last thirty years for the Egyptian people, and it can best fulfil its responsibilities by a declaration of a British protectorate and by the Government of the country under such a protectorate by a Prince of the Khedival family. Britain accepts the fullest responsibility for defence against all aggression.

#### Political Arrangements.

Its relations with the Egyptian Government and Foreign Powers will be henceforth conducted through a British representative in Cairo. A revision of the capitulations will be postponed until the end of the war.

#### British Policy.

British policy will aim at a continuance of internal reform. The religious convictions of Egyptians will be scrupulously respected, and it is necessary to affirm that in declaring Egypt free from obedience to those who usurped political power at Constantinople, the British Government is animated by no hostility towards the Caliphate. The strengthening of Mahomedan institutions in Egypt is naturally a matter in which the Government will take the deepest interest.

### H. M. The King's Message to the New King of Egypt.

LONDON, December 19.

The Press Bureau states that H. M. the King has telegraphed to the Sultan of Egypt as follows:—

On the occasion of Your Highness entering the high office I desire to convey the expression of my most sincere friendship and assurance of my unflinching support in safeguarding the integrity of Egypt and securing her future well-being and prosperity. Your Highness has been called upon to undertake the responsibilities of the high office at a grave crisis in the national life of Egypt. I do feel convinced that Your Highness will be able with the co-operation of Your Highness's Minister and the protectorate of Britain successfully to overcome all the influences which are seeking to destroy the independence of Egypt and the wealth, liberty and happiness of its people."

### Turkish Debt will not be Affected by the Change in the Egyptian Situation.

LONDON, December 19.

The alteration in the status of Egypt does not affect the Turkish debt secured on tribute which the Egyptian Administration will continue to transmit to the Rothschilds and to the bank of England.

## GERMANY.

### A Newspaper Criticism.

LONDON, December 19.

BERLIN.—The newspaper "Vorwärts" publishes a statement saying that it is a ridiculous and misleading exaggeration to speak of the annihilation and defeat of the Russians. Even if the booty is great, the Russians must escape safely, owing to their timely retreat.

## THE COLONIES.

### German Vice-consul's Alleged Treason.

#### Sentence of Death Quashed.

LONDON, December 19.

The Court of Criminal appeal has quashed the conviction of Ahlers, the German Consul at Sunderland, who was sentenced to death for high treason, (see December 10th). The conviction was quashed on the ground that it did not follow from the evidence that the appellant's actions were hostile to British interests and also owing to the misdirection of the jury on the point as to whether Ahlers knew that war had been declared when the acts were alleged to have been committed.

## UNITED STATES.

### Tonnage for Cotton.

#### Urgent Enquiries from U. S. A.

LONDON, December 20.

From United States comes the urgent demand for tonnage for cotton and wheat exports. Great difficulty is due to a large number of British steamers being in the Government service and the absence of German shipping.

## TELEGRAMS.

Freights have risen steadily. Almost every day has seen the further strengthening of the market. A British steamer was chartered yesterday to bring grain from the river Plate to England at forty shillings per ton while the record rate was 95 shillings per ton for cotton from Savannah to Liverpool.

## INDIAN TELEGRAMS

(Associated Press Agency.)

## DELHI.

## Sad demise of the Hon'ble E. C. Hardinge.

DELHI, December 19. Intimation has, we very much regret to report been received of the death yesterday from his wounds of Lieutenant the Hon'ble E. C. Hardinge, 15th Hussars son of H. E. the Viceroy.

## Secretary of State's Cable

DELHI, December 19. The viceroy has received the following telegram from the Secretary of State dated the 18th December, 1914:—Great Britain proclaimed protectorate over Egypt. This terminates Turkish Suzerainty. Sir Henry McMahon was appointed High Commissioner. The Allies are progressing steadily on the west taking several trenches with bayonet and consolidating the position at Lombertzyde on the coast, eight miles west of Ostend. No important news from east. The position which the Russians now occupy on the left of the Vistula is along the river Bystra about 25 miles west of Warsaw. On this line the Germans reinforced from the west seem to be concentrating their efforts. The Turkish Government officially admits the loss of the battleship "Messudiyeh". The Caucasus army headquarters says that Turks are reinforced from Baghdad. The Army corps took the offensive against Van region but were defeated some contingents losing half of their effectives. The Italian Foreign Minister in the Senate announce willingness of the Turkish Government to enquire into the Hodeida incident and said he had reason to believe that it will be settled satisfactorily. Casualties in the raid on the east coast the higher than first supposed at Hartlepool 82 Civilians are eight soldiers and were killed. Much havoc was caused to the town. The out battery guarding the entrance of the port was untouched. 17 Civilians were killed at Scarborough. The raid caused considerable increase in recruiting. A German cruiser was sunk in the Baltic.

## BOMBAY.

## An Obscure Case of Defamation.

BOMBAY, December 19. In a defamation case against Mr. Jehanzir Murzaban and Phirozeshaw Murzaban Proprietor and Editor of the "Jam-E-Jamshed" newspaper. Mr. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, framed a charge of defamation against both the accused in respect of an article that appeared in the issue of the 16th April and an alternative charge of abetment against the second accused. He also framed two charges of defamation against the second accused in respect of an article that appeared on the 20th and 22nd April. Both accused pleaded not guilty. The latest witness examined on behalf of the complainants was Sardar Pheroze Hosang Dastur, lately 2nd Presidency Magistrate and at present Diwan of Kuppla State. In the course of cross-examination Mr. Dastur said that he was of opinion that it is proper that Juddins (aliens) should be admitted into the Zoroastrian religion. That opinion was held by a number of Paris, including respectable members of that community. He gloried in that opinion. He did not think it was dishonourable or disgraceful for the Conference to advocate this view. A large majority of the community, was against the admission of aliens. They considered his view highly dangerous to the community, but not to religion. Educated people did not consider it a religious question. He knew that some educated people were against the admission of aliens, but he had not such a low opinion of educated Parsis as to say that they opposed it on religious grounds. The case was adjourned.

## CEYLON.

## Participation in the War Loan.

COLOMBO, December 19. H. E. the Governor of Ceylon at a meeting of the Legislative Council yesterday said that on October 15, he communicated to the Home Government his personal belief that if and when Ceylon could be entered on the London Money Market she would yearn to show her gratitude by assuming some portion of the war debt of the Mother Country.

## Increase in Taxation.

He announced an increase in taxation on tobacco and spirits to meet the deficiency of the Revenue. The tax on tobacco is increased by a hundred per cent.

## Ceylon Mounted Rifles.

The Ceylon Mounted Rifles have completed their special training. The establishment is 200 strong. Colonel Dickson reviewing the work said the Corps hoped to be re-armed with the latest cavalry swords as soon as they were procured from home.

## TELEGRAMS.

## Recruiting and Planting Labour.

COLOMBO, December 19. The Secretary of State informs the Governor of Ceylon that a deputation from the Rubber-growers Association of London has urged that their European staff was being dangerously depleted owing to the Press campaign in favour of recruiting, and that the administration of native labour was consequently becoming difficult. They urged that further encouragement of recruiting would have a deplorable effect on native labour, and on the industry, and asked the Government to exercise discrimination in granting facilities. A volunteers' deputation was informed that the matter must be left to the Governor.

## PUNJAB.

## Punjab University Convocation.

LAHORE, December 19. The convocation of the Punjab University was held to-day. His Honour, the Chancellor, with Lady O'Dwyer and a distinguished gathering were present. After the conferring of the Degrees by the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor Mr. De Ewing, who is the Principal of the Forman Christian College, and a distinguished American Missionary, in the course of his address reviewing the progress made by the University since its foundation said thus: "Gentlemen, I make no apology for making a reference on this occasion to the topic that fills the thought of men and women all over the world to the almost entire exclusion of many questions that ordinarily engage their attention. More than one half of the population of the earth is directly concerned on one side or the other in the greatest struggle of all ages. Of those that remain none can claim to be otherwise than profoundly interested in the result of this momentous contest. It is no part of my purpose here to dwell upon the causes which led to this situation. The appalling fact is that many millions are facing the other millions of their fellow-men on the field of the battle. Of these thousands are dying leaving their homes desolate and families bereaved. It is a struggle into which the British Empire has entered with a depth of conviction that its cause is just and it must and will prevail. The response to this great call of the hour has been marvellous both in its extent and in the hearty enthusiasm and effectiveness with which it has been accompanied. Indian soldiers have shown, as it was known that they would, do the most splendid valour in the presence of the most deadly assaults of the enemy. Some of those who as lads studied in our schools and have stood in this hall in the years that have gone by to receive the diploma of the University and have uttered the same vow that you have taken upon yourselves to-day, have already laid down their lives on the field of carnage. Amongst these latter I make mention with both grief and pride of the son of one who is an honoured member of our Senate and to whom and to whose family our hearts go out in warmest sympathy. Others of our graduates may have already fallen and it is not unlikely that still more may be called to die in the pathway of duty, but what of that if an Empire like this be saved from the hand of the destroyer. War is terrible, and of all the sad facts none is sadder than this that passions of men should render it at certain crises inevitable and a thing to be preferred when it comes to a choice between supine yielding to injustice, wrong and overthrow of the best ideals of men on the one hand and on the other a deliberate determination to employ the best that we have for the defence of those things which after all are better than life.

## Charack Singh Sentenced to Transportation.

LAHORE, December 19. Charack Singh who made a murderous assault on a European Professor of Khalsa College, Amritsar whom he mistook for the Principal, has been sentenced to transportation by the Sessions Judge of Amritsar.

## Relieving Dr. Uma Shanker from the Liquidatorship of the Doaba Bank.

LAHORE, December 19. Mr. Garbett, Additional Judge, Amritsar, has passed orders relieving Dr. Uma Shanker, the liquidator of the Doaba Bank, of the Amritsar Liquidation of his duties as liquidator pending further investigation and directing that Sardar Bhogwan Singh Official Liquidator to resume charge.

## General Barret and the Lieutenant-Governor Visit the Indian Soldiers Returned from the Front.

LAHORE, December 19. General Barret, Commanding the Lahore Division, visited the wounded Indian Soldiers mostly belonging to the Kashmir Imperial Service Troops who arrived yesterday from East Africa and other places. At the Local Mayo Hospital to-day the Lieutenant-Governor was also to visit them this afternoon.

## Remission to the Contributors of the Hindustan Bank.

LAHORE, December 19. Remission of 25 per cent given to the contributors of the Hindustan Bank in the liquidation which is sanctioned by Justice Rai Danodar Das, Additional Judges Multan, is in the nature of a compromise and extended only to those who pay up the dues before a certain date.

## SIND.

## Prohibition of the Export of Wool.

KARACHI, December 19. With regard to the recent prohibition of the export of wool from India the Government of India have decided

## TELEGRAMS.

that the prohibition will not be enforced in respect of consignments already loaded and the Collector of Customs has been instructed accordingly. The Stocks embarked for export will be allowed to proceed unless purchased by manufacturers at fair price. This has been intimated to the manufacturers. The prohibition is declared to be necessary in view of the Indian Army requirements.

## Karachi Chamber's Representation to the Government of India.

KARACHI, December 19.

The Karachi Chamber of Commerce have made the following telegraphic representation to the Government of India on the subject of the prohibition of the export of wool from India:—In view of the fact that firstly practically all the wool exported from India is shipped to England where purchases are now being made for the British army requirements and secondly the supplies of raw wool in India are ample and very greatly in excess of all possible requirements for local manufacturing purposes even if the Indian army requirements be included, this Chamber most strongly protests against the artificial depression of the natural prices of raw wool throughout the whole of India by the Government for the benefit of the Indian Wollen Mills who in the opinion of this Chamber can and should like all other traders purchase their requirements of raw materials at the current market rates at a period of greatly restricted trade. The Chamber most strongly deprecates the artificial reduction of the prices or the stoppage of the exports which will seriously affect many Indian traders except with the direct object of preventing trading with the enemy.

## Reply of the Government of India.

The Government of India replied as follows:—Local manufacturers intimate that they want all the suitable wool obtainable and they are ready to purchase such wool at the ports if the prices can be agreed. The Government of India recommend immediate direct communicating on the subject with the Local manufacturers with a view to their purchasing the holdings at once which are suitable.

## The State Secretary's Telegram Regarding Insurance.

KARACHI, December 19.

The Government of India have received a war insurance telegram from the Secretary of State stating that after the discussion in London, the Exchange Banks have agreed to authorise their Local Officials to make advances in case of insurance policies which contain a clause insuring or reinsuring the cargoes against the risk of capture or detention by the British or Allied Governments provided that the shippers are furnished with formal licenses in every case of the exportation of goods coming within the list of prohibited or restricted export explaining that this system is in accordance with the arrangements in the United Kingdom. It is intended accordingly to arrange that such licenses should be issued in duplicate by Collectors of Customs on application and adding that instructions to this effect are accordingly being issued at once.

## Reclamation of a Swamper.

KARACHI, December 19.

Along the whole of the southern side of Karachi from the Napier Mole to the Clifton Road stretches a useless swamp about three miles long which prevents the town from expanding in that direction. There is now a proposal to reclaim this swamp by pouring upon it the dredgings of the Karachi Harbour as worked by the new section dredger the most powerful vessel of its kind in the East. The harbour is at a considerable distance away from some parts of the swamp, but the power of the suction dredger is such that the dredgings can easily be transmitted by a system of flexible pipes from the bottom of the harbour to any place within a radius of a reasonable number of miles. Thus the old expensive and tedious system of cartage or portage of earth from some distant group of mounds or sand hills to the swamper to be reclaimed will be wholly unnecessary in this case.

## BURMA.

## Search Warrant Issued by the District Magistrate.

RANGOON, December 19. On the application of the Chief Detective Inspector under orders of the Commissioner of Police the District Magistrate to-day granted warrants to search (1) American Baptist Mission Press (2) Y. M. C. A. Tent for Territorials (3) J. Cowens, premises in the Baptist College and two other places of business for the proscribed leaflet headed "Welcome to Territorials" by J. Cowen. It is understood that J. Cowen left by the steamer "Bangala" for Calcutta last evening.

## The Lieutenant-Governor's Tour.

The Lieutenant-Governor leaves on the 2nd January Maymyo on tour and reaches Mandalay on the 3rd and thence starts for Rangoon on the 19th arriving there on the 20th January.

## SOUTH INDIA.

## Telegraph Notice.

MADRAS, December 20. With effect from the 23rd December Private Telegrams may be sent to Officers and others serving with the Indian Expeditionary Force in the Persian Gulf under the following conditions (A) Telegrams must be in plain language and will be subject to all existing censorship rules (B) The Address must bear the following particulars (1) Name (2) Unit or Appointment, and the place to which the telegram is to be sent via Bastaz (C) The telegrams will be charged for at the full rates of the office of destination.